

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Dividend Income plc

ISIN GB00B5ZZY915

Sedol B5ZZY91

Bloomberg JEMI LN

Reuters JEMI.L

Objective:

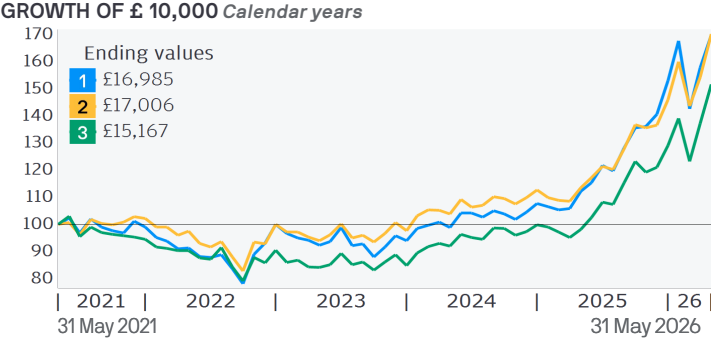
The Company aims to provide a dividend income, together with the potential for long-term capital growth from a diversified portfolio of emerging markets investments. It is free to invest in any particular market, sector or country in the global emerging markets universe and there are no fixed limits on portfolio construction. The Company has the ability to use borrowing to gear the portfolio to up to 20% of net assets where appropriate. Gearing may magnify gains or losses experienced by the Company.

Portfolio manager(s) Omar Negyal (2012)	Share price 205.0p	Actual gearing 5.8%
Company Broker(s) Winterflood Securities	NAV 223.6p	Company fees & expenses Ongoing Charges 0.96%
Benchmark MSCI Emerging Markets Index, with net dividends reinvested (£)	Company launch 29 Jul 2010	Annual management fee 0.75% on Net Assets up to £500 million; and 0.65% thereafter
Company assets £ 617.7m	Discount(-)/ Premium -8.7%	Performance fee No
Dividends paid January, April, July and October	Potential gearing range Maximum 20%	

ESG information

ESG approach - Integrated

ESG Integration is the systematic inclusion of financially material ESG factors, alongside other relevant factors, in investment analysis and investment decisions with the goals of managing risk and improving long-term returns. ESG integration does not by itself change this product's investment objective, exclude specific types of companies or constrain its investable universe. This product is not designed for investors who are looking for a product that meets specific ESG goals or wish to screen out particular types of companies or investments, other than those required by any applicable law such as companies involved in the manufacture, production or supply of cluster munitions. ESG integration does not imply that the Fund is marketed or authorised as an ESG product in any jurisdiction where such authorisation is required.



Quarterly rolling 12-month performance (%)					
As at end of March 2026					
	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026
1	-4.90	1.30	4.86	5.78	35.21
2	1.43	-1.92	8.38	3.36	31.97
3	-7.12	-4.91	5.86	5.79	26.81

YIELD AND DIVIDEND HISTORY					
Prospective dividend yield: 2.9%					
Total dividend for last financial year: 5.60p					
Financial year end: 31 July					
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total dividend per share (p)	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.60

Portfolio analysis		
Measurement	3 years	5 years
Correlation	0.96	0.95
Alpha (%)	0.10	2.32
Beta	0.88	0.89
Annualised volatility (%)	14.43	14.83
Sharpe ratio	1.13	0.56
Tracking error (%)	4.37	4.94
Information ratio	-0.02	0.44

Holdings		
Top 10	Sector	% of assets
TSMC	Information Technology	10.8
Samsung Electronics	Information Technology	10.4
SK Hynix	Information Technology	4.4
MediaTek	Information Technology	3.4
ASE Technology	Information Technology	3.3
Tencent	Communication Services	3.2
Lenovo	Information Technology	2.2
NetEase	Communication Services	1.9
National Bank of Greece	Financials	1.8
Realtek Semiconductor	Information Technology	1.8

Performance Disclosures
Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results.

ESG
For more information on our approach to sustainable investing at J.P. Morgan Asset Management please visit <https://am.jpmorgan.com/uk/esg>

The latest month in review commentary can be found on the J.P.Morgan Asset Management website [here](#).

Company ratings

Morningstar Medalist Rating™ SILVER

Analyst-Driven % 100

Data Coverage % 100

Overall Morningstar Rating™ ★★★★★

Morningstar Category™ CE Global Emerging Markets Equity

FE Crown Fund 🏆🏆🏆🏆🏆

Performance

1 Share Price

2 Net asset value

3 Benchmark: MSCI Emerging Markets Index, with net dividends reinvested (£)

Cumulative performance (%)							
	Cumulative				Annualised		
	1 month	3 months	1 year	YTD	3 years	5 years	10 years
1	7.61	1.30	51.43	20.84	22.55	11.18	13.10
2	10.24	6.28	49.76	24.56	21.83	11.20	12.99
3	10.57	9.10	54.38	25.34	21.70	8.69	11.52

Regions (%)		Compared to benchmark
China	24.2	+7.6
Taiwan	23.8	-2.6
Korea	21.4	-1.7
Brazil	6.9	+3.1
India	5.0	-5.9
Mexico	3.3	+1.6
South Africa	3.0	+0.4
Thailand	2.7	+1.7
Indonesia	2.5	+1.9
Saudi Arabia	2.4	0.0
Others	3.4	-7.5
Cash	1.4	+1.4

Figures shown may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Sectors (%)		Compared to benchmark
Information Technology	40.8	-2.4
Financials	23.5	+5.7
Consumer Discretionary	9.6	+1.1
Communication Services	8.0	+1.9
Materials	5.3	-0.7
Energy	3.6	+0.2
Consumer Staples	3.3	+0.5
Industrials	2.6	-4.3
Real Estate	2.3	+1.3
Utilities	2.1	+0.2
Others	-2.5	-4.9
Cash	1.4	+1.4

Figures shown may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Key risks

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of underlying overseas investments to go down as well as up.

Investments in emerging markets may involve a higher element of risk due to political and economic instability and underdeveloped markets and systems. Shares may also be traded less frequently than those on established markets. This means that there may be difficulty in both buying and selling shares and individual share prices may be subject to short-term price fluctuations.

This Company may invest in non-investment grade bonds which increases the capital risk and may have an adverse effect on the performance of companies which invest in them.

External factors may cause an entire asset class to decline in value. Prices and values of all shares or all bonds and income could decline at the same time, or fluctuate in response to the performance of individual companies and general market conditions.

This Company may utilise gearing (borrowing) which will exaggerate market movements both up and down.

This Company may also invest in smaller companies which may increase its risk profile.

The share price may trade at a discount to the Net Asset Value of the Company.

The Company may invest in China A-Shares through the China-Hong Kong Stock Connect program which is subject to regulatory change, quota limitations and also operational constraints which may result in increased counterparty risk.

As the portfolio is primarily focused on generating income, it may bear little resemblance to the composition of its benchmark.

General Disclosures

Investment is subject to documentation. The Annual Reports and Financial Statements, AIFMD art. 23 Investor Disclosure Document and PRIIPs Key Information Document can be obtained free of charge in English from JPMorgan Funds Limited or www.jpnam.co.uk/investmenttrust.

This material should not be considered as advice or an investment recommendation. Company holdings and performance are likely to have changed since the report date. No provider of information presented here, including index and ratings information, is liable for damages or losses of any type arising from use of their information.

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Risk Indicator: The risk indicator assumes you keep the product for 5 year(s). The risk of the product may be significantly higher if held for less than the recommended holding period.

Performance information

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management/Morningstar. Net asset value performance (NAV) data has been calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, including ongoing charges and any applicable fees, with any income reinvested, in GBP.

NAV is the cum income NAV with debt at fair value, diluted for treasury and/or subscription shares if applicable, with any income reinvested.Share price performance figures are calculated on a mid market basis in GBP with income reinvested on the ex-dividend date.The performance of the company's portfolio, or NAV performance, is not the same as share price performance and shareholders may not realise returns which are the same as NAV performance.

Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and you cannot invest in them.

Prospective dividend yield is for the investment trust's current financial year. It is indicative only and based on the latest month end mid-market price and the declared and net prospective dividends for the current financial year.**Information Sources**

Company information, including performance calculations and other data, is provided by J.P. Morgan Asset Management (the marketing name for the asset management businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its affiliates worldwide). **All data is as at the document date unless indicated otherwise.**

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Issuer

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Definitions

Morningstar Medalist Rating™ is the summary expression of Morningstar's forward-looking analysis of investment strategies as offered via specific vehicles using a rating scale of Gold, Silver, Bronze, Neutral, and Negative.

Analyst-Driven % Displays the percentage of Analyst's input into the overall rating assignment, including direct analyst coverage and inheritance of an analyst-rated pillar.

Data Coverage % Displays the percentage of available input data for rating calculation at the Pillar level.

Overall Morningstar Rating™ assessment of a fund's past performance, based on both return and risk and shows how similar investments compare with their competitors. Investment decisions should not be based on a high rating alone.

FE fundinfo Crown Rating are quantitative ratings ranging from one to five designed to help investors identify funds which have displayed superior performance in terms of stockpicking, consistency and risk control.

FE Crown Fund Ratings are however purely quantitative and backward looking, and, as such, cannot offer any certainty about the future.

FE Trustnet crown rating as at 31 Jan 2026.

Benchmark comparison The benchmark is for comparative purposes only.

Gearing Gearing represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total investments (excluding liquidity fund holdings) expressed as a percentage of the shareholders' funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this is known as a "net cash" position.

Discount/Premium If the share price of an investment company is lower/higher than the NAV per share, the company is said to be trading at a discount/premium. The discount/premium is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

NAV The value of investment and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

Cash A company's net exposure to cash / cash equivalents [includes investment in liquidity funds and treasury stocks if held] expressed as a percentage of shareholders funds after any offset against its gearing.

Correlation measures the strength and direction of the relationship between movements in fund and benchmark returns. A correlation of 1.00 indicates that fund and benchmark returns move in lockstep in the same direction.

Alpha (%) a measure of excess return generated by a manager compared to the benchmark. An alpha of 1.00 indicates that a fund has outperformed its benchmark by 1%.

Beta a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by the fund's benchmark). A beta of 1.10 suggests the fund could perform 10% better than the benchmark in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other

factors remain constant. Usually the higher betas represent riskier investments.

Annualised volatility (%) measures the extent to which returns vary up and down over a given period.

Sharpe ratio performance of an investment adjusting for the amount of risk taken (compared a risk-free investment). The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the returns compared to the risk taken.

Tracking error (%) measures how much a fund's returns deviate from those of the

benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed its benchmark.

Information ratio measures if a manager is outperforming or underperforming the benchmark and accounts for the risk taken to achieve the returns. A manager who outperforms a benchmark by 2% p.a. will have a higher IR than a manager with the same outperformance but who takes more risk.