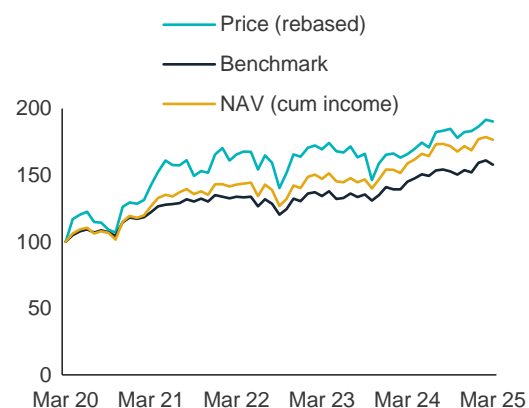
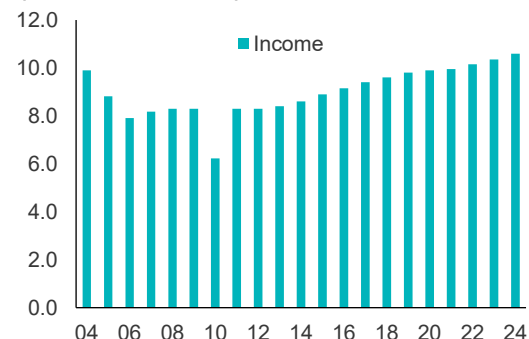


Share price performance (total return)



Dividend history (pence/share)



Please note that this chart could include dividends that have been declared but not yet paid.

Performance over (%)	6m	1y	3y	5y	10y
Share price (Total return)	3.0	14.7	14.8	90.2	60.9
NAV (Total return)	2.9	11.3	23.7	76.7	76.7
Benchmark (Total return)	3.4	8.9	18.0	57.9	68.0
Relative NAV (Total return)	-0.5	2.4	5.7	18.8	8.7

Discrete year performance (%)	Share price (total return)	NAV (total return)
31/3/2024 to 31/3/2025	14.7	11.3
31/3/2023 to 31/3/2024	-2.2	7.9
31/3/2022 to 31/3/2023	2.3	3.0
31/3/2021 to 31/3/2022	16.1	12.7
31/3/2020 to 31/3/2021	42.7	26.8

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Source: at 31/03/25. © 2025 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns.**

Commentary at a glance

Performance

In the month under review the Company's NAV total return was -1.1% and the 80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index total return was -2.0%.

Contributors/detractors

Holdings in tobacco companies, Tele2, Next and Phoenix were positive for performance.

Outlook

We believe the portfolio is well diversified owning typically more resilient businesses and cyclical companies that we believe are attractively valued.

See full commentary on page 3.

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Company overview

Objective

The Company invests in a prudently diversified selection of both well known and smaller companies to provide investors with a high dividend income stream while also maintaining the prospect of capital growth.

Highlights

A Company providing investors with a high dividend income stream while also maintaining the prospect of capital growth.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	183.1p
NAV (ex income)	180.5p
Share price	168.8p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	-7.8%
Yield	6.3%
Net gearing	21%
Net cash	-
Total assets	£378m
Net assets	£313m
Market capitalisation	£289m
Total voting rights	170,971,460
Total number of holdings	105
Ongoing charges (year end 31 Dec 2024)	0.74%

Benchmark	80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index
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Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used.

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Find out more

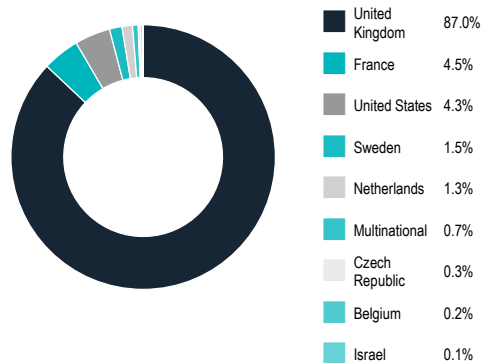
Go to www.hendersonhighincome.com

Top 10 holdings (%)

British American Tobacco	5.3
HSBC	3.6
Imperial Brands	3.0
Shell	2.9
Rio Tinto	2.9
RELX	2.8
Unilever	2.6
BP	2.4
Phoenix Group	2.4
Reckitt Benckiser Group	2.3

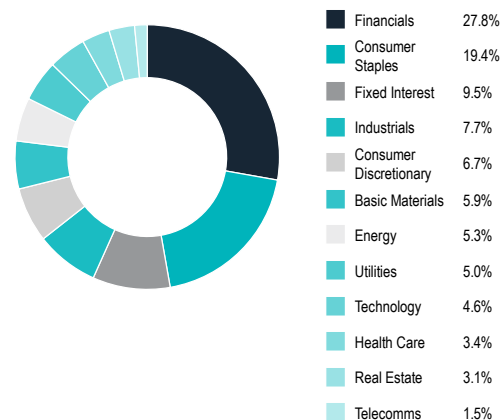
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Geographical focus (%)



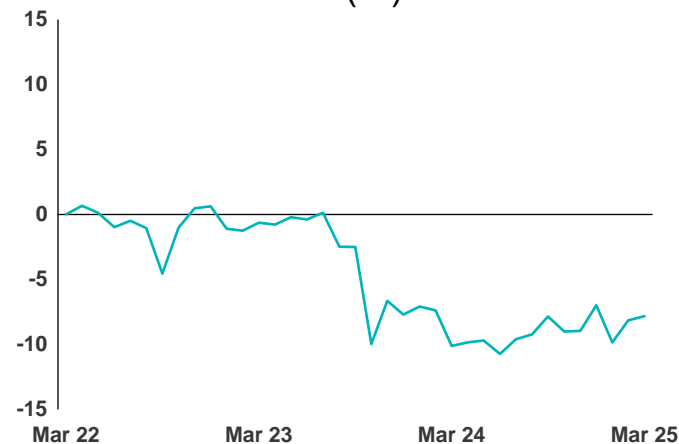
The above geographical breakdown may not add up to 100% as this only shows the top 10.

Sector breakdown (%)



The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)



10 year total return of £1,000



All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Key information

Stock code	HHI
AIC sector	AIC UK Equity & Bond Income
Benchmark	80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index
Company type	Conventional (Ords)
Launch date	1989
Financial year	31-Dec
Dividend payment	April, July, October, January
Management fee	0.45% of adjusted average gross assets
Performance fee	No
<small>(See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)</small>	
Regional focus	UK
Fund manager appointment	David Smith 2014



David Smith, CFA
Portfolio Manager

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Customer services

0800 832 832

Factsheet - at 31 March 2025

Marketing Communication

Fund Manager commentary

Investment environment

The FTSE All-Share Index declined 2.3% given anxiety about US protectionist trade policies.

As expected, the Bank of England (BoE) left interest rates unchanged and hinted that it could ease borrowing conditions at its next meeting in May. Annual inflation of 2.8% in February was lower than expected, which increased expectations that the BoE would follow through with an interest rate cut in May.

Chancellor Rachel Reeves announced £14 billion of spending cuts in her annual Spending Review due to the likely shortfall in government finances, given the rise in bond yields and slowdown in UK economic growth since the October Budget.

Large-cap companies continued to outperform with the FTSE 100 Index falling 2.0%, compared to a fall of 3.9% for the FTSE 250 Mid-Cap index.

Given the negative backdrop, typically more defensive sectors such as telecommunications, utilities and consumer staples outperformed while those sectors that tend to be more impacted by economic growth underperformed, such as consumer discretionary, basic materials and industrials. The energy sector also outperformed, supported by the rising oil price.

Portfolio review

The equity holdings in more defensive companies such as British American Tobacco, Imperial Brands and Tele2 performed well as investors sought relatively more resilient profits given concerns over the impact on global economic growth from any potential US tariffs. Elsewhere, the equity holdings in Next and Phoenix also aided performance. Next announced positive results, upgrading its full-year profit expectations given strong trading in its international division. Phoenix's full-year results were also taken well with cash generation coming in better than expected and more transparency on future growth in the net asset value.

The equity holdings in Sodexo and Tesco were detrimental to performance. Sodexo released a disappointing trading statement with slower growth in its US division leading the company to reduce its profit guidance for the year. Tesco's shares fell following the announcement from Asda that they were cutting prices on core products to help stem market share losses, which prompted fears over a price war in the UK food retail market.

We initiated a new position in French bank BNP Paribas (BNPP) during the month. BNPP is a strongly capitalised bank which we think is well placed to benefit from the de-regulation of EU capital markets. This should help improve returns, along with the expansion into asset and wealth management, which we believe is not currently discounted in the valuation. The funding for this position came from trimming positions in 3i, HSBC and NatWest after a period of strong performance.

Manager outlook

The outlook is fairly uncertain given heightened geopolitical risks and the threat of a global trade war, while economic growth in the UK is subdued. However, the financial health of consumers, corporates and the banking sector are strong while valuations in the UK are compelling to us. We therefore maintain a balanced approach, owning typically more resilient businesses as well as cyclical companies (those usually more dependent on economic growth to do well) that we believe are attractively valued.

Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can “gear” is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a Company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit:

<https://www.janushenderson.com/en-gb/investor/glossary/>

Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Company specific risks

- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- If a Company's portfolio is concentrated towards a particular country or geographical region, the investment carries greater risk than a portfolio that is diversified across more countries.
- Some of the investments in this portfolio are in smaller company shares. They may be more difficult to buy and sell, and their share prices may fluctuate more than those of larger companies.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.
- All or part of the Company's management fee is taken from its capital. While this allows more income to be paid, it may also restrict capital growth or even result in capital erosion over time.

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